

2. Social work — definition, meaning, objectives, principles  
— functions of social work : preventive, creative, rehabilitative, correctional — current trends : participatory approaches, social planning, sustainable development.
3. Philosophy of social work — basic assumptions and principles — values and principles — objectives and functions — Social work as a profession : professional identification, problems faced by social work profession in India.
4. Historical development of social work in India — social reform movement in the 19th and 20th Century — Christian missionaries, Brahmo Samaj : Arya Samaj, Theosophical Society — social philosophy of Swami Vivekananda and role of Ramakrishna Mission — social welfare in the colonial and post-colonial period — Gandhian approach — Tagore's philosophy.
5. Different phases of development of society — pre-industrial society, Industrial society. Social problems, social provisions, charity, philanthropy, social response to the needs of individuals and groups — establishment and growth of social welfare and services— history of religious charity.

6. History of voluntary action in India — nature of voluntary social work and its philosophy — concept of voluntary social work and its philosophy — NGOs and their scopes — NGOs and government measures — future of voluntary action.
7. Social Action — Definition, Meaning and Process of Social Action, Strategies and Forms of Social Action, Principle of Social Action, Areas of Social Action.
8. Applications of social work in various fields : School-related problems and social work — tasks for the school social worker. Social work for the aged — socio-psychological problems of the aged — intervention of social work methods — government programmes — role of the NGOs. Child development — rights of the children and the National Policy for children — child labour — street children — children of the sex workers — juvenile sex workers — child welfare and child development activities. Social work in correctional settings. Social work during natural disasters.
9. Human Rights according to the UN Charter and the Indian Constitution.