- (b) Nature, Scope and Significance of Educational Technology;
- (c) Components of Educational Technology Hardware and Software;
- (d) Educational Technology and Instructional Technology.

## Unit-II: Communication and Instruction

- (a) Communication System Concept, Nature, Process, Type, Theory, Classroom Communication and Mass media approach;
- (b) Instructional Design Psycho-analytic approach, Learning theory approach (with special emphasis on social learning theory), Cognitive developmental approach (Piaget and Kohlberg) and Systems approach.

## Unit-III: Emerging Trends in Educational Technology

- (a) Educational Technology in Formal Education,
  Non-formal Education, Informal Education,
  Distance Education and Open Learning
  Systems;
- (b) Uses of Communication Technology in Teaching Videotape, Radio-vision, Tele-Conferencing, CCTV, INSAT, Computer Simulated Multimedia Approach and Problems of introducing new technologies in the Indian context;

(c) Resource Centres for Educational Technology—CIET, UGC, NOS, State ET Cell, AVRC, EMRC, NIST etc. - their activity for the improvement of teaching-learning processes.

## Second Half: Teaching and Educational Technology Unit-IV: Science of Teaching

- (a) Modalities of teaching Concepts of teaching, Instruction, Training and Conditioning and their differences;
- (b) Levels of Teaching Memory, Understanding and Reflective levels;
- (c) Stages of Teaching Pre-active, Interactive and Post-active;
- (d) Teaching Strategies Meaning, Nature, Function and Type;
- (e) Models of Teaching Meaning, Nature, Function and Family;
- (f) Components of Advance Organizer, Concept Attainment, Non-directive, Jurisprudential Inquiry and Training Models of Teaching.

## Unit-V: Modification of Teaching Behaviour

- (a) Formulation of Instructional Objectives and Task Analysis;
- (b) Simulation and Micro-teaching;