M. A. Third Semester (CBCS) Examination Environmental Studies Course - CC 3.1

Full Marks—40

Time—2 Hours

The figures in the right hand side margin indicate marks.

1. Answer any five of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) Define sustainable development.
- (b) Name two biodiversity Hotspots in India.
 - (c) What is biopiracy?
 - (d) What is Agenda 21?
 - (e) Name two endangered mammals of India.
 - (f) What do you mean by BAP?
 - (g) What were the objectives of Brundtland Report?
- 2. Answer *any four* from the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) Briefly discuss the type of sustainability.
 - (b) Describe the eight stage model for implementation of LA 21.
 - (c) What are the aims and principles of sustainable land management?
 - (d) Discuss the biogeographic zones of India.

- (e) Write a short note on Biodiversity Conservation through ecotourism.
 - (f) Discuss the policies and methods to a active sustainable development.
- 3. Answer *any one* from the following : $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - (a) What do you mean by Biodiversity Hotspots? Mention the criteria that determine a biodiversity Hotspots. Write in brief about scheduling of animals following wildlife Protection Act.

2+4+4=10

(b) What is the need for reclamation of wastelands? Describe in details the various methods of wasteland reclamation. 2+8=10

M. A. Third Semester (CBCS) Examination Environmental Studies Course - CC 3.2

Full Marks—40

Time—2 Hours

The figures in the right hand side margin indicate marks.

1. Answer *any five* of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) What are piezometers?
- (b) How does soil salinization take place?
 - (c) State two advantages of rainwater harvesting.
 - (d) What is the importance of riparian areas?
- (e) Name the Indian wetlands currently enlisted in the Montreux Record.
- (f) State any two advantages of mulching for drought mitigation.
- (g) Mention any two critically vulnerable coastal areas of India.
- 2. Answer *any four* from the following: $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) What is conjunctive use of water? What are the main challenges to planned conjunctive use of water? 2+3=5

- (b) Briefly discuss different initiatives and policies on floods undertaken by the Indian government.
 - (c) "The wetlands in India are presently under immense stress"—Discuss.
 - (d) What are the main issues involved in sustainable agriculture?
 - (e) How can gender equity pay in sustainable forest conservation in India?
 - (f) Briefly discuss the highlights of CRZ notification 2019.
- 3. Answer *any one* from the following : $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - (a) What is flood? Briefly discuss the major categories of floods. How does natural control on flooding and erosion help maintain water quality?

2+6+2=10

(b) Write short notes on:

5+5=10

- (i) Irrigation Scheduling
 - (ii) Integrated coastal ecology management

M. A. Third Semester (CBCS) Examination Political Science Course - CC 3.3

Full Marks—40 Time—2 Hours
The figures in the right hand side margin indicate marks.

- 1. Answer *any two* of the following (in not more than 200 words each): $2\times5=10$
 - (a) What do you mean by 'policy environment'?
 - (b) Write a short note on the impact of globalization on the policy making process is the developing countries.
 - (c) What is communicative rationality and explain how it helps in policy evaluation?
 - (d) Discuss, is brief, the major constraints in the making of public policy.
- 2. Answer *any two* of the following : $2 \times 15 = 30$
 - (a) Elucidate the nature and scope of public policy.
 - (b) Critically examine how agenda control impacts democratic process in policy making.

- (c) What is 'democratic deficit'? Write a note on democratizing the policy process. 5+10=15
- (d) What are the alternative forms of redistribution? Discuss is this connection the strengths and limitations of the approaches to the policies of redistributions.

 5+10=15

than 200 words each

M. A. Third Semester (CBCS) Examination Environmental Studies Course - CEC 3.1

Full Marks-40

Time—2 Hours

The figures in the right hand side margin indicate marks.

- 1. Answer *any five* of the following: $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - (a) What are the significance of non-timber-forest product collection in a reserve forest?
 - (b) Mention any four significance of biodiversity on common people.
 - (c) What do you understand by "symbiosis" relationship in ecosystem?
- (d) Mention any four environmental impacts of mineral resources exploration in India.
- (e) What do you understand by "eco-centrism" concept of environmental ethics?
 - (f) Give any four differences between natural and manmade ecosystem.
 - (g) State any four disadvantages of overpopulation on natural environment.

- 2. Answer *any four* of the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) Classify ecosystem with suitable examples.
- (b) How do plastic wastes harm natural ecosystem mentioning suitable recommendations for this problems?
 - (c) Briefly discuss the different disciplines of ecology.
 - (d) What do you understand by "ecological restoration"? Give a suitable example for forest land restoration.
 - (e) What do you understand by rain water hervesting? Mention briefly the negative impacts of environmental management for exploring water resources.
 - (f) Briefly state the drawback of fossilfud burning on ecosystem.
- 3. Answer *any one* of the following: $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - (a) Mention the main positive environmental impact of management system. Discuss any two of them.
 - (b) Write short notes (any two): 5+5
 - (i) Interrelationship between Man, environment and society.
 - (ii) Different disciplines of Environment.
 - (iii) Ecological restoration and control of environmental problem of India.

(b) Compare the ETA **2022** ation of 2006 and 2020.

M. A. Third Semester (CBCS) Examination **Environmental Studies**

o) beamil at title Course - CEC 3.2d satisfied (5)

Full Marks—40 Time—2 Hours

The figures in the right hand side margin indicate marks.

1. Answer any five of the following:

- (a) What is meant by environmental clearence?
- (b) Define sustainable development. I all and (1)
- (c) What are the contents of an Environmental Audit (a) State the procedure for appraisal for ErroquA
- (d) What do you mean by RIAM?
 - (e) Explain what is chromatography.
- (b) Explain the concept of environmental audit and (f) Why do you think DPR is important for environmental impact assessment?
 - (g) Write about the various environmental management tools.
- 2. Answer any four of the following: $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) Why do you think EIA is essential before any developmental project starts?

- (b) Compare the EIA Notification of 2006 and 2020. Highlight the key changes in the new notification. 3+2
- (c) Discuss how an environmental audit is linked to an environmental management system (EMS).
 - (d) What is meant by waste audit and pollution prevention assessment?
 - (e) How does environmental management affect development?
 - (f) What is EIS and briefly describe its structure.
- 3. Answer *any one* of the following: $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - (a) State the procedure for appraisal for environmental clearence in India. Discuss the significance of public participation in EIA process. 5+5=10
- (b) Explain the concept of environmental audit and discuss its various types. Enlist the benefits of an environmental audit. 6+4=10

management tools

(a) Why do you think EIA is essential before any developmental project starts?